

# 2023 Evaluation and Management Changes

Rachael Willeford

Coverage and Reimbursement Specialist, Care Delivery

October 20th, 2022

# Topics

- Inpatient and Observation Service Changes
- Prolonged Services
- Other changes
- Medical Decision Making
- Reimbursement

# Background

In 2021, revisions were made to the office and outpatient evaluation and management services which included (but not limited to):

- Removal of history and examination as key components.
- Time and medical decision making as the criteria for code selection.
- New 15-minute prolonged service code.

However, these changes did **not** apply to inpatient, observation, discharge, or critical care services.

# 2023 Updates and Changes

History and exam removed as key components on ALL E/M codes.

Level of service is decided by Medical Decision Making (MDM) OR time for all E/M codes.

# Hospital Services

# Code Selection

---

Codes selected based on time or medical decision making. History and exam no longer apply to MDM.

---

Time is specifically defined rather than a “typical” time.

---

CPT<sup>®</sup> and HCPCS code for a prolonged service of 15 minutes in the inpatient/observation/discharge setting.

## Inpatient, Observation, Discharge Services

# Code Family Combination

## Inpatient and Observation Service Changes

### Prior to 2023

- Initial, subsequent, and discharge codes were categorized into either observation or inpatient services.

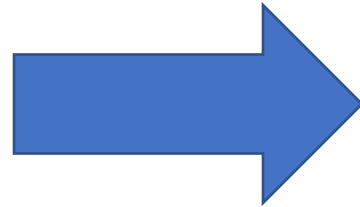
### 2023

- Codes combined into one code family to “hospital inpatient *and* observation care”.

# Inpatient and Observation Service Changes

## Code Family Combination

2023:  
Observation  
codes deleted.



2023: Report  
instead “hospital  
inpatient *and*  
observation care”  
codes.



# Inpatient and Observation Service Changes Code Family Combination in 2023

Deleted Codes

# Initial Versus Subsequent

## Inpatient and Observation Service Changes

### Initial

#### Prior to 2023

Report the *first hospital encounter* by admitting physician.

#### 2023

Report when the patient has *not* received any professional services from physician/QHP in same specialty group during stay.

### Subsequent

#### Prior to 2023

Report for services on days *after the date* of initial admission.

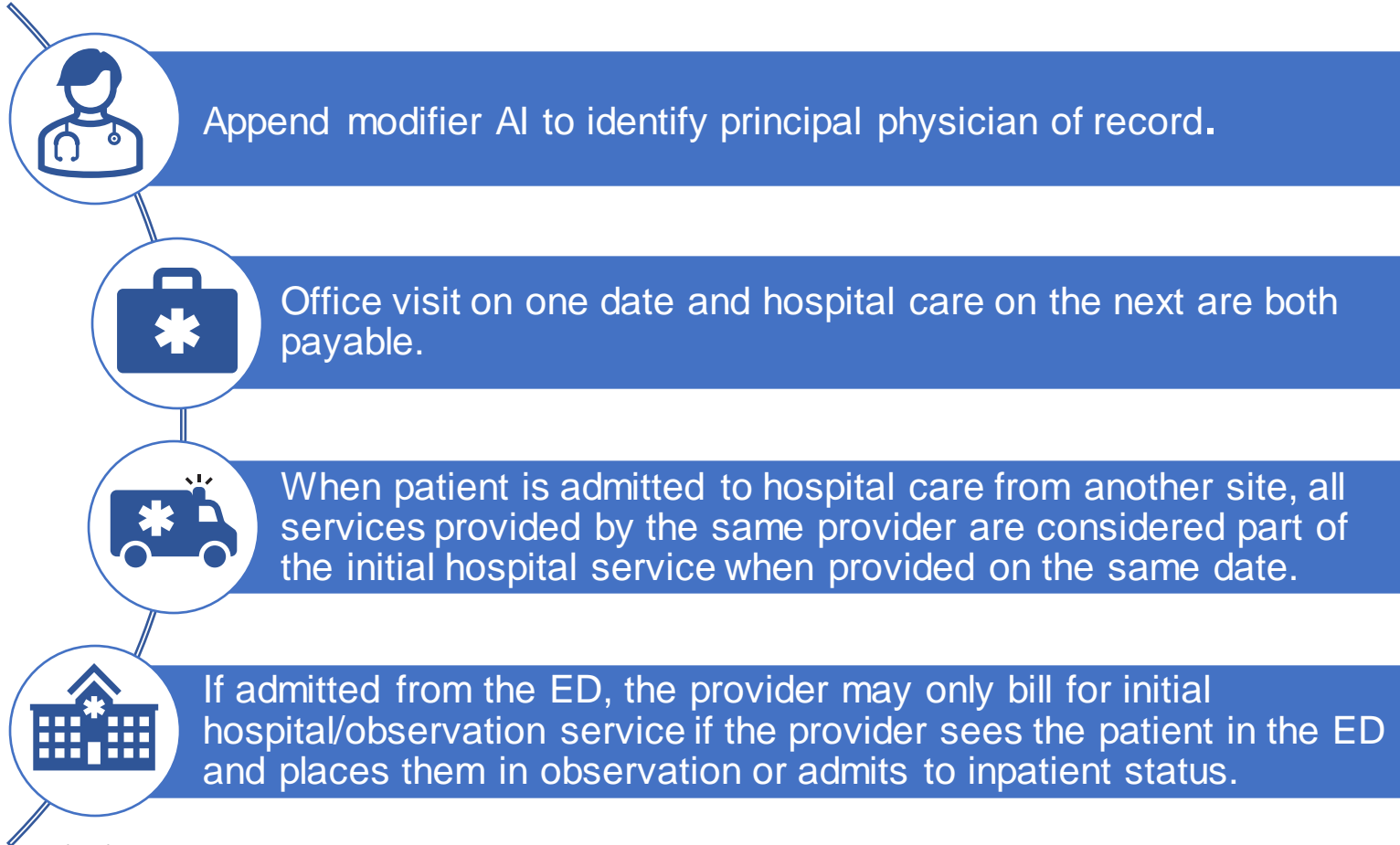
#### 2023

Report when the patient has *previously* received *any* professional services from a physician/QHP in same specialty/group during stay.

# Inpatient and Observation Service Changes

99221

# Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Initial Visits



Source: 2023 CMS Physician Fee Schedule Final Rule Correction

CPT Copyright 2022 American Medical Association. All rights reserved.  
CPT® is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association

© 2022 American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO). All Rights Reserved Worldwide.

# Inpatient and Observation Service Changes

99231

# Inpatient and Observation Service Changes

99238

# Inpatient and Observation Service Changes

# Inpatient and Observation Service Changes

99234



# Consultation CPT® Codes Updates

Deleted codes:  
99241 and  
99251

- Matches 2021 format changes, four levels of MDM for services.

Definition of  
"transfer of  
care"

- Services for management of patient's entire care or for a specific condition/problem.

# Split/Shared Services Inpatient and Observation Services

2023 Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Proposed Rule  
CMS is considering delays regarding the definition of “substantive portion” of a service until 2024.

CMS Definition of Substantive Portion	
2022	2023
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•Two options (select one): 1.<u>One</u> of the three key components (history, exam, or MDM). The component must be performed in its entirety by the billing practitioner. <b>OR</b> 2.More than half of the total time spent by the physician and NPP performing the split (or shared) visit.</li> <li>•One practitioner must have face-to-face contact with the patient (does not have to be the billing practitioner).</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•More than half of the total time spent by the physician and NPP performing the split (or shared) visit.</li> <li>•One practitioner must have face-to-face contact with the patient (does not have to be the billing practitioner).</li> <li>•The substantive portion must be entirely performed by the billing practitioner with the patient contact face to face to face activities).</li> </ul>

# Inpatient and Observation Service Changes

Prior to 2023

- Code based on time if face-to-face activities (counseling and coordination of care) account for more than 50% of encounter.

2023

# Inpatient and Observation Service Changes: Time

If a service is continuous before and after midnight, all the time attributed services must be applied to only **one** date of service.

## Example:

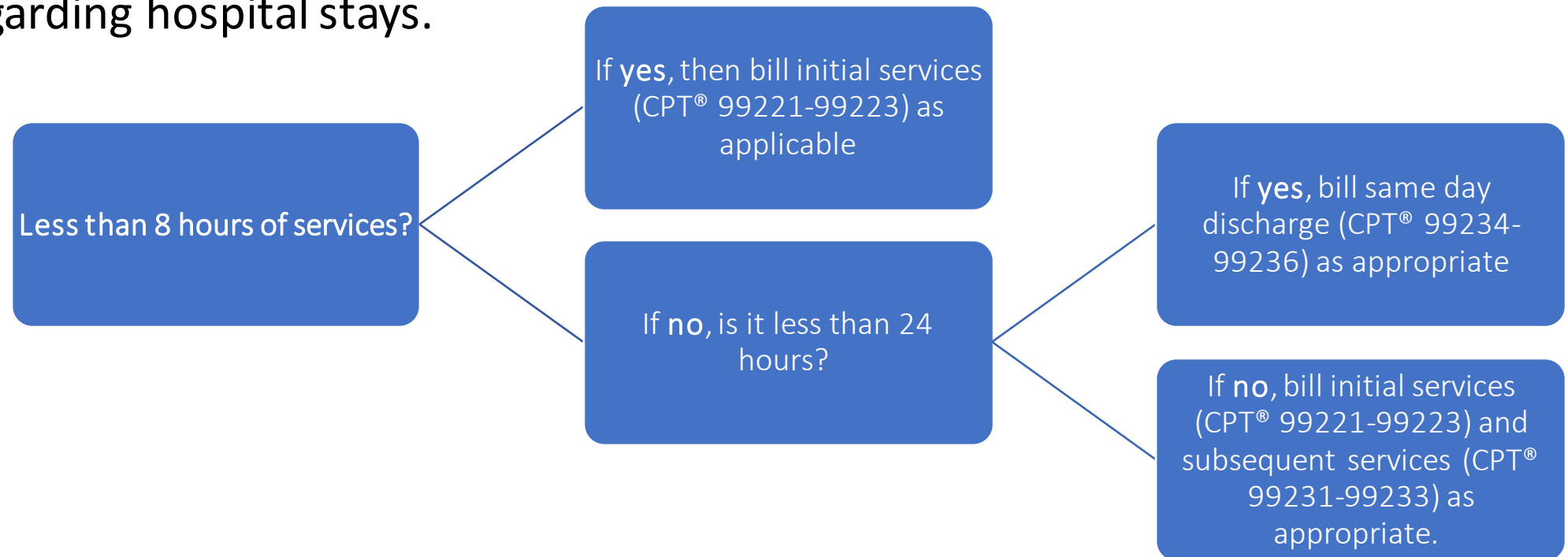
Observation admit at 20:00 hours on 8/30; discharge at 03:00 hours on 8/31 with 120 minutes of care.

The provider selects August 31<sup>st</sup> as the date of service. CPT<sup>®</sup> 99235 should be reported as the minimum time of 70 minutes was met.

# Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services

## 8-to-24-Hour Rule

Because admissions can be done around the clock, CMS requires 8 to 24 hours for a "day" regarding hospital stays.



### "8-to-24-hour rule" for Hospital Inpatient or Observation Care, CMS CY 2023 Final Rule

CPT Copyright 2022 American Medical Association. All rights reserved.  
CPT® is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association

© 2022 American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO). All Rights Reserved Worldwide.

# Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services 8-to-24-Hour Rule

Reporting Scenarios – one hour of care by physician:

- Patient admitted at 11pm, discharged at 4am (less than 8 hours): Report 99222. No discharge services would be reported.
- Patient admitted at 11pm, discharged at noon (more than 8 hours, less than 24 hours): Report 99234.
- Patient admitted at 11pm Monday, discharged on Wednesday (more than 24 hours): Report 99222 and discharge CPT on date of discharge.

# Prolonged Services

# Prolonged Services: Office and Outpatient

## CPT® Code 99417

- Prolonged office or other outpatient evaluation and management service(s) beyond the **minimum** total time of the primary procedure (either CPT® code 99205 or 99215).
- Primary service selected based on time only (not medical decision making).
- With or without direct patient contact.
- Reported for each 15-minute unit of service.
- May not be reported with Psychotherapy Services, Prolonged Services With Direct Patient Contact, Prolonged Services Without Direct Patient Contact, or Prolonged Clinical Staff Services.
- Reportable to **private payers only**, unless directed to use HCPCS code G2212.

## HCPCS Code G2212

- Prolonged office or other outpatient evaluation and management service(s) beyond the **maximum** required time of the primary procedure.
- Selected based on time (either CPT® code 99205 or 99215) only.
- With or without direct patient contact.
- Reported for each 15-minute unit of service.
- May not be reported with Prolonged Services With Direct Patient Contact, Prolonged Services Without Direct Patient Contact, or Prolonged Clinical Staff Services.
- **Reportable to CMS only**, unless otherwise advised by a private payer.
- Included in the Medicare Telehealth list.



# Prolonged Services

## Inpatient and Observation Services

Prior to  
2023

- Could only be reported for a service of 31 minutes to 1 hour beyond the primary procedure (inpatient or observation E/M) with CPT® codes 99356, 99357.

2023

- **New CPT®** code 99418 created for 15-minute service beyond the time of a level 5 inpatient or observation E/M.

# Prolonged Services: Inpatient Hospital and Observation

## CPT<sup>®</sup> Code 99418

- Prolonged inpatient or observation evaluation and management service(s) of 15 minutes beyond the **reported** time of the primary service (CPT<sup>®</sup> code 99223, 99233, 99236, 99255, 99306, 99310).
- Primary service selected based on time only (not medical decision making).
- With or without direct patient contact
- Reported for each 15-minute unit of service occurring on the date of the primary service.
- May not be reported with Psychotherapy Services (90833, 90836, 90838), Prolonged Services before/after direct patient care (99358, 99359).
- Reportable to **private payers only**, unless directed to use HCPCS code G2212.

## HCPCS Code G0316

- Prolonged hospital inpatient or observation care evaluation and management service(s) with or without direct patient contact to **start** when 15 minutes beyond the **total** time for the primary service (CPT<sup>®</sup> codes 99223, 99233, 99236) is reached.
- Primary service selected based on time only (not medical decision making).
- Reported for each 15-minute unit of service.
- Total time is based on the CMS Physician Time File.
- May not be reported with other prolonged services for evaluation and management (99358, 99359, 99418, 99415, 99416).
- **Reportable to CMS only**, unless otherwise advised by a private payer.

CMS 2023 Physician Fee Schedule Final Rule Correction

CPT Copyright 2022 American Medical Association. All rights reserved.

CPT<sup>®</sup> is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association

© 2022 American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO). All Rights Reserved Worldwide.

# Prolonged Services Reporting Examples

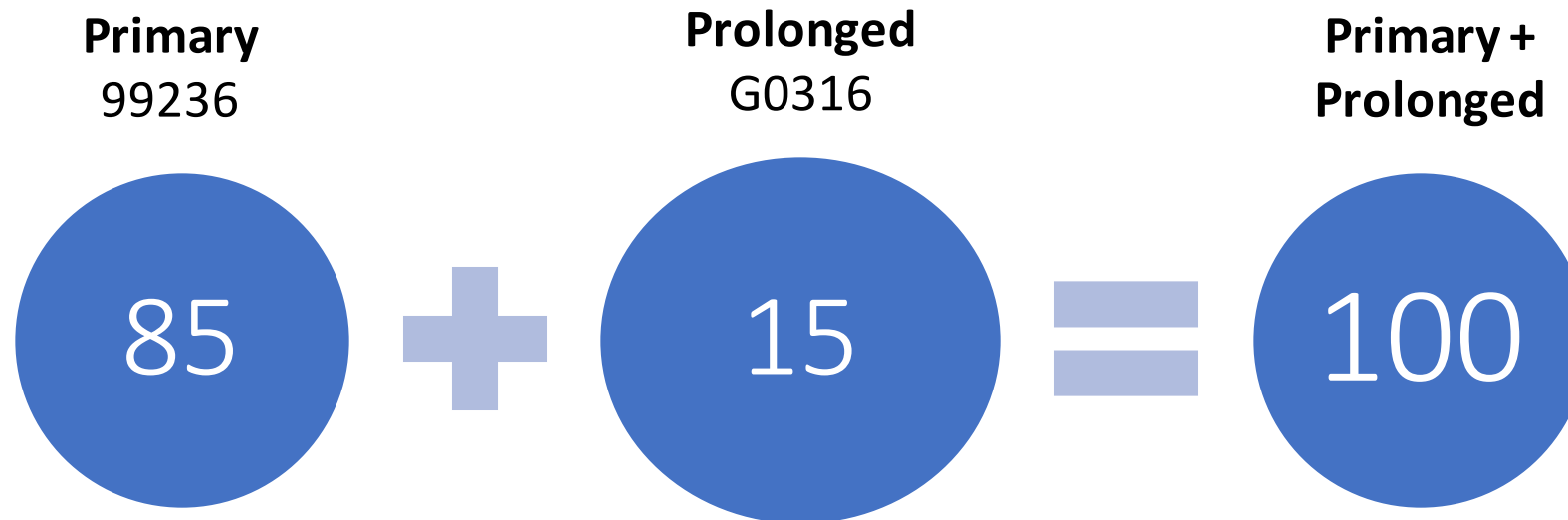
## CPT vs. CMS

### Primary Service

**99236**-Hospital inpatient or observation care, for the evaluation and management of a patient including admission and discharge on the same date, which requires a medically appropriate history and/or examination and high level of medical decision making. **85 minutes** must be met or exceeded.

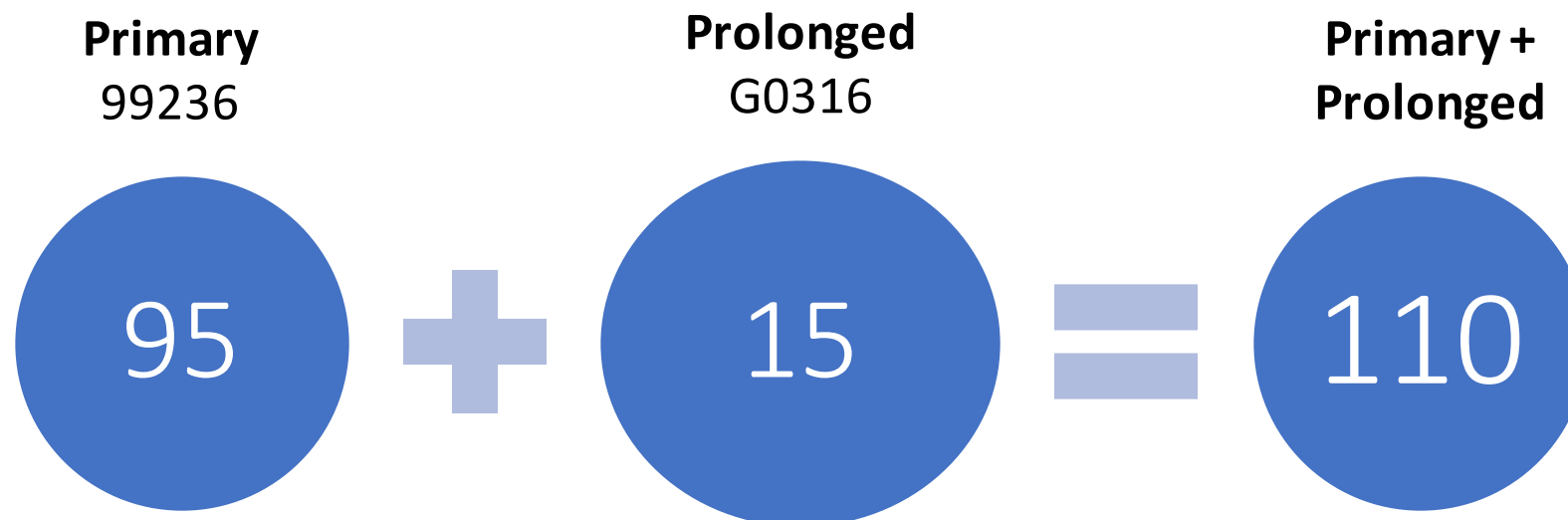
# Prolonged Services CPT® Guidelines

Prolonged service may begin when the total time for the primary service has been reached.



# Prolonged Services CMS® Guidelines

Prolonged service may begin when the total physician work time for the primary service has been reached. *For 99236 only, time encompasses date of visit to 3 days after.*



2023 CMS Physician Fee Schedule Final Rule Correction

CPT Copyright 2023 American Medical Association. All rights reserved.  
CPT® is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association

© 2022 American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO). All Rights Reserved Worldwide.

# Reporting Prolonged Services Office and Outpatient



Report 99417, G2212 for prolonged office and outpatient services on date of the encounter.



Report 99415-99416 for prolonged clinical staff services.



Report 99358, 99359 for prolonged services related to professional services (including E/M) on a date other than the face-to-face encounter to which it is related

# Prolonged Services: Deleted Codes

- Prolonged Services with Direct Patient Contact (99354-99357) have been deleted.
- CMS changed status indicator of 99358, 99359 to inactive, making these codes invalid for Medicare purposes.

# Medical Decision Making



# Elements of Medical Decision Making

Number and complexity of problems addressed.

Amount and complexity of data to be reviewed and analyzed.

Risk of complications and/or morbidity or mortality of patient management.

To select the appropriate E/M code, two of the three elements of medical decision making must be met or exceeded.

CPT Codes	Level of MDM	Number and Complexity of Problems Addressed	Amount and Complexity of Data to Be Reviewed and Analyzed	Risk of Complications and/or Morbidity or Mortality of Patient Management
<b>99202, 99212</b> <b>99221, 99231, 99234</b> <b>99242, 99252</b>	Straightforward	Minimal	Minimal or None	Minimal risk
<b>99203, 99213</b> <b>99221, 99231, 99234</b> <b>99243, 99253</b>	Low	Low	Limited	Low risk
<b>99204, 99214</b> <b>99222, 99232, 99235</b> <b>99244, 99254</b>	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate risk
<b>99205, 99215</b> <b>99223, 99233, 99236</b> <b>99245, 99255</b>	High	High	Extensive	High risk

# Selecting a Code Based on MDM

## Important Reminders:

- Code selection is based on TWO of the three elements of MDM.
- Selection must point back to the criteria as outlined on the MDM table.

# Code Selection

Step 1 – Problem: Select the applicable number and complexity of problems addressed at the encounter.

- The number and complexity of complexity of problems addressed at the encounter is divided into four levels: minimal, low, moderate, and high.
- Each level has specific criteria for the conditions addressed.
- To correctly identify the appropriate level, it is important to understand the “problem” definitions.

# **New** – Presenting Problem

## **Added -**

*Stable, acute illness:* A problem that is new or recent and for which treatment has been initiated. Patient may be improved and stable, but resolution is not yet complete.

Example: Respiratory infection under treatment and monitored for resolution

# **New** – Presenting Problem

## **Added -**

*Acute, uncomplicated illness or injury requiring hospital inpatient or observation level care:* Short-term problem with low risk of morbidity with required treatment taking place in a hospital inpatient or observation level setting

Example: uncomplicated appendicitis

# **NEW** – Presenting Problem

## **REVISED**

*Chronic illness with severe exacerbation, progression, or side effects of treatment:* The severe exacerbation or progression of a chronic illness or severe side effects of treatment that have significant risk of morbidity and may require escalation in level of care.

Example: malignant pleural effusion requiring indwelling pleural catheter



# NEW – Presenting Problem

## REVISED

*Acute or chronic illness or injury that poses a threat to life or bodily function: An acute illness with systemic symptoms, an acute complicated injury, or a chronic illness/injury with exacerbation/progression or side effects of treatment, that poses a threat to life or bodily function in the near term without treatment. Some symptoms may represent a condition that is significantly probable and poses a potential threat to life or bodily function. These may be included in this category when the evaluation and treatment are consistent with this degree of potential severity.*

Example: anaphylaxis, pulmonary embolism

CPT Copyright 2022 American Medical Association. All rights reserved.  
CPT® is a registered trademark of the American Medical Association



# Code Selection

Step 2 – Data: Select the amount and/or complexity of data to be reviewed or analyzed.

- Calculate the amount and complexity of data to be reviewed and analyzed.
- “Data” is defined as certain data elements that are ordered, reviewed, analyzed, or independently interpreted.

# Code Selection: Calculating Data

- A unique test is defined by the CPT® set.
- Multiple results of the same test count as one unique test.
- Tests that have overlapping elements are not unique, even if they have distinct CPT codes.

# Code Selection

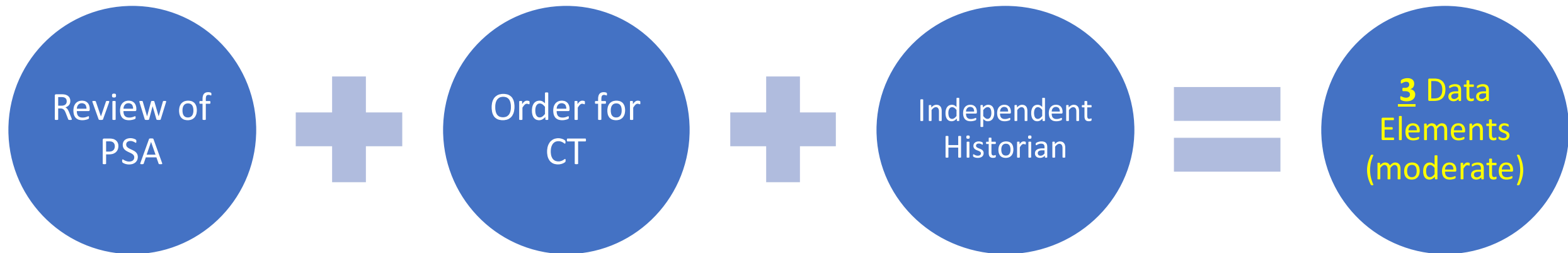
## Combining and Counting Data Elements

- A combination of different data elements allows these elements to be summed.
- Does **not** require each item type or category to be represented.

# Code Selection:

## Combining and Counting Data Elements

*Example: A patient with prostate cancer is seen. The physician reviews the latest PSA. At the visit, the patient states that he has no complaints. However, the patient's wife reports the patient is experiencing considerable pain in the hip. Considering this, the doctor orders a CT of the abdomen & pelvis to check for progression.*



# Code Selection

## Step 3: Risk of Complications and/or Morbidity or Mortality of Patient Management

- Risk associated with appropriate treatment rather than the condition itself.
- High risk of morbidity may include decisions regarding escalation of hospital-level care and parenteral controlled substances.

# Let's put it all together

- After the level of each of the categories is determined, the level of service for the evaluation and management code can be selected.
- Don't forget: **Two** of the three elements must be met or exceeded to report the applicable E/M code

# Let's put it all together

Example 1: A moderate E/M code (99214) would be reported if:

1. A patient presented with a new progression of bone metastasis while under treatment for breast cancer (moderate problems addressed).
2. The physician reviewed the most recent CT scan (low level of data reviewed).
3. It is determined the patient will have a change in chemotherapy due to the progression. (moderate/high level of risk dependent on the chemotherapy plan).

# Let's put it all together

Example 2: A low-level E/M code (99203, 99213) would be reported if:

1. A patient presented with a stable history of breast cancer no longer on treatment (low level of problems addressed).
2. The physician conducted a review of tumor marker, CBC, CMP (moderate level of data reviewed).
3. A CT scan was ordered for the next visit (low level of risk of morbidity/mortality).



**Time**

# Time: Face- to- Face and Non-Face to Face Activities

---

Preparing to see the patient (e.g., review of tests).

---

Obtaining and/or reviewing separately obtained history.

---

Ordering medications, tests, procedures.

---

Referring and communicating with other health care professionals (when not separately reported).

---

Documenting clinical information in the electronic or other health record.

---

Independently interpreting results (not separately reported) and communicating results to the patient/family/caregiver.

---

Care coordination (not separately reported).

---

---

The performance of other services that are reported separately.

---

Travel.

---

Teaching that is general and not limited to discussion that is required for the management of a specific patient.

---

Activities not done on the date of the encounter.

---

**Time:  
Activities  
Not  
Included**

**ASCO**<sup>®</sup>

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CLINICAL ONCOLOGY  
KNOWLEDGE CONQUERS CANCER



Reimbursement

# Medicare Reimbursement: Overview

Factors affecting 2023 E/M Reimbursement Rates

# Medicare RVU: Changes

Code Set	% Change	Average RVU Change
Office/Outpatient (99202-99215)	+0.03	0.00
Prolonged Services	+15.01%	0.45
Hospital Services (99221-99239)		
• Inpatient	+3.11%	0.19
• Observation	+11.02%	0.30
• Same Day	-5.93%	-0.29

# Medicare Reimbursement: Changes

Code Set	% Change	Average \$ Change
Office/Outpatient (99202-99215)	-1.3%	-\$1.56
Prolonged Services	+12.6%	+\$3.46
Hospital Services (99221-99239)		
• <i>Inpatient</i>	+0.97%	+\$0.99
• <i>Observation</i>	+8.7%	+\$8.21
• <i>Same Day</i>	-7.8%	-\$13.34

# ASCO<sup>®</sup>

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CLINICAL ONCOLOGY  
KNOWLEDGE CONQUERS CANCER



## Resources



# Resources

## American Medical Association

- [Errata and Technical Corrections - CPT®2021, September 3 2021.](#)
- [2023 CPT® Errata and Technical Corrections](#)
- 2023 CPT® Professional Edition
- [Reporting CPT Modifier 25](#)

## CMS

- [2023 CMS Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Final Rule](#)
- [2023 CMS Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Final Rule Correction](#)

## Office of Inspector General

- [Use of Modifier 25](#)

# Resources

## American Society of Clinical Oncology

### ASCO [Practice Central's Coding and Reimbursement](#)

- ASCO's resources for the 2023 Changes:
  - [Important Updates to Evaluation and Management Services in 2023](#)
  - [Selecting a Code Based on Time](#)
  - [Medical Decision Making Simplified](#)
  - [Inpatient, Observation, and Discharge](#)
  - [Consultations](#)
  - [Guideline Updates, Clarifications, and Corrections](#)
  - [Prolonged Services](#)
  - [Practice Tips](#)
- [ASCO's Guide to the 2021 Evaluation and Management Changes](#)

**ASCO**<sup>®</sup>

AMERICAN SOCIETY OF CLINICAL ONCOLOGY  
KNOWLEDGE CONQUERS CANCER

Questions?